

CONFIDENTIAL

Attachment No. 1

Retype work

~~STATUS OF CONTRACT L-1098~~

Status of Contract 605, T.O. 8

Corrections - 2 copies

I. Progress to date

- A. The detecting device which consists of a special Sage Laboratories, Inc. tripolar crystal holder having a TNC input connector and an MB output connector with a 1N358A tripolar crystal mounted in the holder has been tested over the entire frequency range from 50 mc to 10,000 mc with satisfactory results. Average tangential sensitivity² readings of several crystals and holders were approximately -50 ± 2 dbm. This detector unit will be used with the various antenna and filter systems which cover the 50 mc to 10,000 mc frequency range.
- B. Modified logarithmically periodic (abbreviated-LP) antennas covering a 10 to 1 frequency bandwidth from 50 mc to 500 mc are under construction. The antenna is designed to have a lower frequency limit of 200 mc but will be used below cutoff to 50 mc because of the physical requirements of the system. Prototypes of this antenna have been tested both for radiation pattern characteristics and for impedance characteristics. Satisfactory results were obtained in both tests. However, as was expected below the 200 mc cutoff frequency, the operation of the antenna deteriorates markedly. The final models of these antennas will consist

25X1

²Tangential sensitivity measurements are obtained by feeding a 10 microsecond duration, 1000 cycle per second repetition rate, pulse modulated RF signal to the input of the detecting device. The output of the detector is then fed into a video amplifier and the output of the amplifier is displayed on an oscilloscope. A tangential signal is defined as that input signal which will produce an output signal whose amplitude is twice the amplitude of the system noise level.

ORIGINAL CLEY 23 5979
☐ DECL & REV W ON 2010
 EXT BYND 6 YRS BY SAME
 REASON 3 d (3)

DOC <u>41</u>	REV DATE <u>30 APR 1980</u>	BY <u>018373</u>
ORIG COMP <u>33</u>	OPI <u>5p</u>	TYPE <u>30</u>
ORIG CLASS <u>M</u>	PAGES <u>1</u>	REV CLASS <u>C</u>
<u>22</u>	NEXT REV <u>2010</u>	AUTHI HR 14-2

CONFIDENTIAL

- 2 -

- C. Final models of the 500 mc to 1000 mc LP printed circuit antennas have been constructed and tested both for pattern and for impedance performance with satisfactory results. The antenna elements are etched onto a teflon-glass board and after placement of the feed lines and connectors the unit is gold plated to resist deterioration by exposure. This antenna is a truncated version of a 500 mc to 10,000 mc prototype printed antenna.
- D. A prototype 1000 mc to 10,000 mc LP antenna has been tested. The impedance and pattern behavior are satisfactory over the 10 to 1 frequency bandwidth. This antenna is obtained by removing the lower frequency elements from the 500 mc to 10,000 mc prototype antenna.
- E. Final models of the 10,000 mc to 40,000 mc horn antenna and waveguide detector assembly are under construction. A prototype antenna and detector have been tested with satisfactory results over the entire frequency range. The filters for use with this antenna exhibit high pass characteristics and make use of the natural and dielectric loaded lower cutoff nature of the waveguide which connects to the horn antenna. For the 30,000 mc to 40,000 mc frequency range the antenna and waveguide assembly operate under normal conditions; specifically, with air as the dielectric medium. For this condition the waveguide has a natural cutoff at approximately 26,500 mc. Operation over the 20,000 to 40,000 mc frequency range is obtained by loading the waveguide with plexiglass (dielectric constant approximately equal to 2.5) in such a manner that the cutoff frequency of the waveguide is lowered to approximately 17,000 mc. The plexiglass material is also extended into the throat

- 3 -

of the horn antenna to insure satisfactory propagation of the energy incident at the aperture of the antenna into the dielectric loaded waveguide. Operation over the entire frequency range from 10,000 mc to 40,000 mc is accomplished by inserting into the waveguide a different material with a dielectric constant approximately equal to 14. This material is extended into the throat of the horn for the same reason as was the plexiglass insert. The high pass filtering characteristics of the air dielectric, plexiglass dielectric and high dielectric equal to 14 have been satisfactory.

F. Bandpass filters for use with the 50 mc to 500 mc cloth antenna have been purchased from Microphase Corporation. The 50 mc to 100 mc and 100 mc to 200 mc filters have been delivered and preliminary system evaluation has been initiated using the prototype cloth antenna. The filtering characteristics of the filters are satisfactory. The 200 mc to 500 mc bandpass filters are on order and should be delivered during the next month.

G. A prototype 2000 mc to 4000 mc transmission line bandpass filter has been constructed and tested with satisfactory results. The design criteria is a modified version of the procedure which was programmed on the IBM 650 and utilizes insertion loss and image parameter techniques in combination. The design obtained for the 2 to 1 bandwidth filter above need only be scaled in size to make it applicable to the other octave frequency ranges. The 2000 mc to 4000 mc bandpass filter insertion loss vs. frequency response is shown in Figure 1 to indicate

7 1/2" Long
1 1/2" wide
1/2" thick

- 4 -

the progress of the filter development program. The test results demonstrate adequately the possibility of constructing a bandpass filter using transmission line techniques to give the desired skirt and pass-band characteristics. The prototype filter does not in its present condition conform to the size requirements as specified in the contract. To rectify this situation a filter which is loaded with dielectric material ^{has been} (is being) constructed. In addition, the filter will be folded to decrease its overall length to acceptable dimensions. A prototype 8,000 mc to 10,000 mc stripline filter is being constructed and work has been initiated to construct prototype 500 mc to 750 mc and 750 mc to 1000 mc transmission line bandpass filters. In addition to the basic filter design, a low pass filter section must be included with the bandpass filter to insure satisfactory stop band protection to frequencies beyond the usable range of the associated antenna. This will be accomplished by using either a series stub or a low pass end section as an integral part of the bandpass filter unit. It is understood that the effects of loading the filter with dielectric and folding the filter to further reduce the physical dimensions will introduce additional attenuation and reflection in the passband, however, these degradations should not impair the satisfactory performance of the receiving system.

II. Present activity and future plans

- A. Sensitivity evaluation of the 50 mc to 500 mc antenna, filter and detector systems has been started. Some problems are being encountered in matching the crystal detector unit input impedance to the output impedance of the bandpass filters for this frequency range, but it is presumed these difficulties will soon be resolved. All components of

- 5 -

this system (with the exception of the 200 mc to 500 mc filter which has not been delivered) function individually as desired. The present effort is being directed toward integration of the separate units into a complete system.

- B. Prototype filters for the 500 mc to 10,000 mc frequency range are being assembled and tested as they are received from the model shop. System sensitivity evaluation of the assemblies covering this frequency range will be delayed until final models of the filters are constructed.
- C. As indicated above, the final models of the 10,000 mc to 40,000 mc horn antenna, detector and waveguide inserts are under construction. System evaluation of these units will be delayed until the 36,000 mc to 39,700 mc klystron is replaced in the high frequency tuning unit of the Polord EHF signal generator. Preliminary system sensitivity measurements have been satisfactory.

III. Summary of project status

To summarize the progress which has been made to date, the degree of completion of the various sub-units in the system is illustrated in the following table.

Degree of Completion

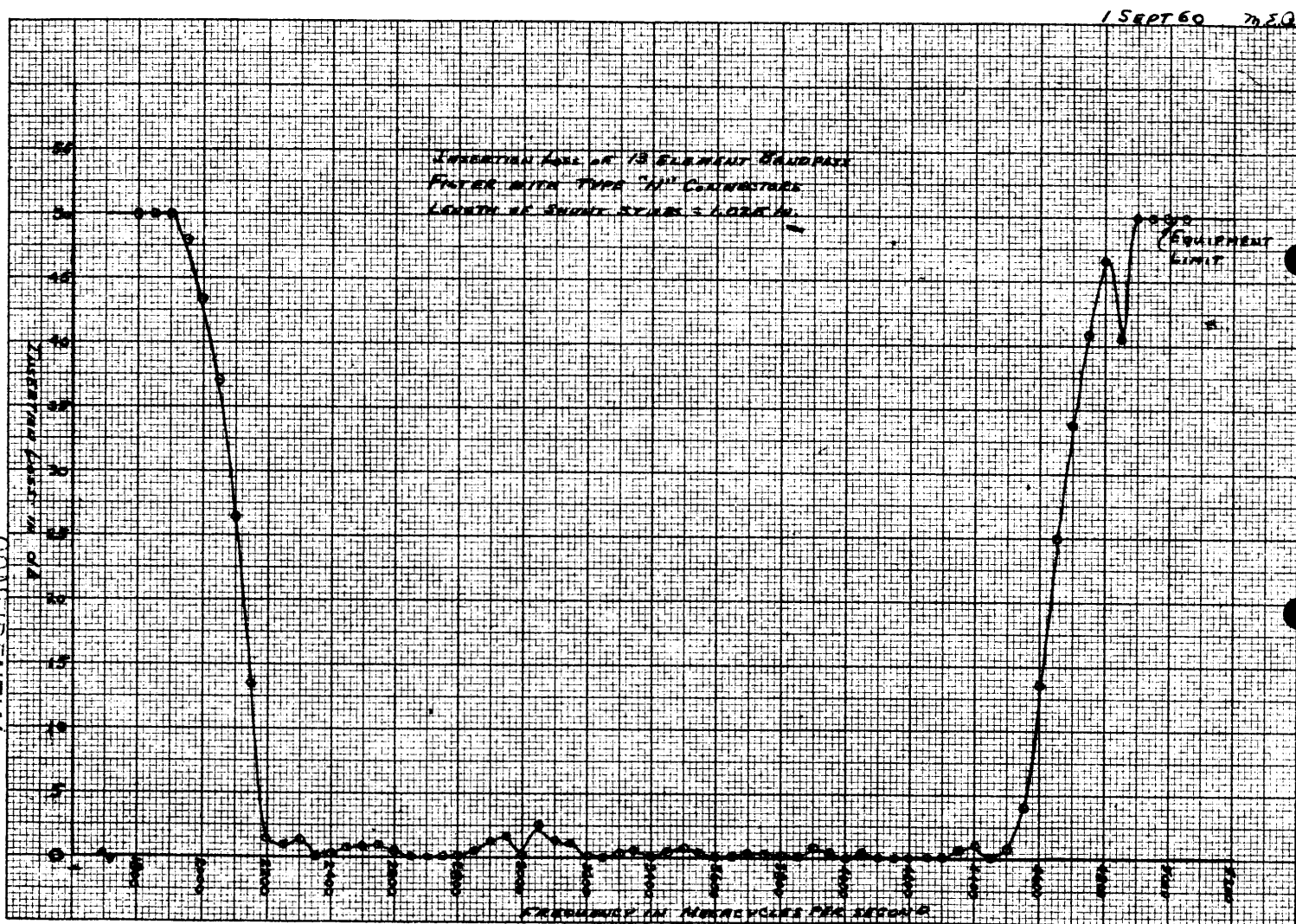
<u>Unit</u>	<u>Prototype Models Being Fabricated</u>	<u>Prototype Models Tested</u>	<u>Deliverable Models Being Fabricated</u>	<u>Deliverable Models Completed</u>
1. 50 mc to 10,000 mc Detectors				X
2. 50 mc to 500 mc Antenna		X	X	X
3. 500 mc to 1000 mc Antenna				X
4. 1000 mc to 10,000 mc Antenna		X	X	

- 6 -

<u>Unit</u>	<u>Prototype Models Being Fabricated</u>	<u>Prototype Models Tested</u>	<u>Deliverable Models Being Fabricated</u>	<u>Deliverable Models Completed</u>
5. 10,000 mc to 40,000 mc Antenna and Detector Assembly		X	X	
6. 50 mc to 100 mc Filter				X
7. 100 mc to 200 mc Filter				X
8. 200 mc to 500 mc Filter			X	
9. 500 mc to 750 mc Filter	X			
10. 750 mc to 1000 mc Filter	X			
1000 mc to 2000 mc Filter	X	X		
12. 2000 mc to 4000 mc Filter	X	X		
13. 4000 mc to 8000 mc Filter	X	X		
14. 8000 mc to 10,000 mc Filter	X			
15. 10,000 mc to 40,000 mc Waveguide Insert				X
16. 20,000 mc to 40,000 mc Waveguide Inserts				X

Respectfully submitted

25X1



- 7 - CONFIDENTIAL